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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/640,980	08/14/2003	Lawrence B. Jansen	112455-145576	9232
25943	7590	04/15/2008	EXAMINER	
SCHWABE, WILLIAMSON & WYATT, P.C. PACWEST CENTER, SUITE 1900 1211 SW FIFTH AVENUE PORTLAND, OR 97204				NASSER, ROBERT L
ART UNIT		PAPER NUMBER		
3735				
MAIL DATE		DELIVERY MODE		
04/15/2008		PAPER		

**Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.**

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

<b>Office Action Summary</b>	<b>Application No.</b>	<b>Applicant(s)</b>	
	10/640,980	JANSEN ET AL.	
	<b>Examiner</b>	<b>Art Unit</b>	
	ROBERT L. NASSER	3735	

-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --

#### Period for Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

#### Status

- 1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 07 February 2008.
- 2a) This action is **FINAL**.                    2b) This action is non-final.
- 3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

#### Disposition of Claims

- 4) Claim(s) 1-4,6-8,24-28 and 31-35 is/are pending in the application.
- 4a) Of the above claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ is/are withdrawn from consideration.
- 5) Claim(s) 31 is/are allowed.
- 6) Claim(s) 1-4,6-8,24-28,32 and 33 is/are rejected.
- 7) Claim(s) 34, 35 is/are objected to.
- 8) Claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

#### Application Papers

- 9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.
- 10) The drawing(s) filed on \_\_\_\_\_ is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.  
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).  
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
- 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.

#### Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119

- 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
- a) All    b) Some \* c) None of:
1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
  2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. \_\_\_\_\_.
  3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).

\* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.

#### Attachment(s)

- |  |   |
|--|---|
| 1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)          | 4) <input type="checkbox"/> Interview Summary (PTO-413)           |
| 2) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) | Paper No(s)/Mail Date. _____ .                                    |
| 3) <input type="checkbox"/> Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)          | 5) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Informal Patent Application |
| Paper No(s)/Mail Date _____ .  | 6) <input type="checkbox"/> Other: _____ .                        |

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless –

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

Claims 1, 3, 4, 8, 24, 25, 32, and 33 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Suzuki et al 4388166. Suzuki in figure 1D shows a device including an electrochemically active surface, i.e. cathode 2, which is made of platinum, at least one nub, the material surrounding lead 8a, that extends radially outwardly from the electroactive surface 2, and a membrane system 5, 6, 7, comprising an enzyme layer 6, which encircles or surrounds both nub and the active surface. Claim 3 is rejected in that the device is a lengthwise body. Claim 4 is rejected in that the device is circular in cross section. Claims 8 and 24 are rejected in that the membrane system has multiple layers and defines an exterior surface of the device. Claim 32 is rejected in that there is a second nub 1, which extends from a position close to the surface radially outwardly from the surface. Claim 33 is rejected in that the surface 2 extends through the nubs.

Claims 1-4, 6, 24, and 25 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Pungor et al 4354913. Pungor et al shows a device including an electrochemically active surface made of platinum, a nub 11 of dielectric material, and an enzyme containing membrane 7, which surrounds or encircles the nub and the active surface. Claims 2 and 6 rejected in that nub 11 is an annular disc, or plate. Claim 3 is rejected in that the device is a lengthwise body. Claim 4 is rejected in that the device is

circular in cross section. Claim 24 is rejected in that the membrane forms an exterior of the device.

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negated by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 1-4, 6-8, 24, and 25 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Brown 3900382 in view of Cozette et al 5063081. Brown shows an ion specific sensor including an electrochemically active surface 13, a nub of dielectric material 14, which extends radially outward from the active surface, and a membrane 18 and 19, where membrane 18 surrounds the nub and the active surface. The membrane does not contain an enzyme. Brown states it can detect any ion. Cozette is selected from many references which include an enzyme in the membrane for sensing ammonium ions. Hence, it would have been obvious to modify Brown to locate an enzyme in the membrane, as it is merely the substitution of one known detection scheme for another. As such, the enzyme would surround the nub and the active surface. Claims 2 is rejected in that the nub is the form of a annular planar element, which is a plate. Claims 3 and 4 are rejected in the active surface is part of a lengthwise body, which is circular in cross section. Claim 7 is rejected in that the nub is displaced longitudinally from the active surface. Claim 8 is rejected in that the membrane system has two membranes 18 and 19. Claim 24 is rejected in that the membrane defines an outer surface of the device. Claim 25 is rejected in that Cozette

teaches that platinum is a known electrochemically active surface. As such, it would have been obvious to modify Brown to further as a platinum electrode, as it is merely the simple substitution of one known equivalent material for another. Claim 26 is rejected in that layer 14 of Brown is an insulation layer. The examiner takes official notice that polyimide is a known insulation material. Hence, it would have been obvious to modify Brown to use polyimide for layer 14, as it is merely the substitution of one known equivalent material for another.

Claim 26 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Suzuki et al. Layer 11 is a plastic insulation layer. The examiner takes official notice that polyimide is a known insulation material. Hence, it would have been obvious to modify Suzuki et al to use polyimide for layer 11, as it is merely the substitution of one known equivalent material for another.

Claim 26 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Pungor et al. Layer 11 is a plastic insulation layer. The examiner takes official notice that polyimide is a known insulation material. Hence, it would have been obvious to modify Pungor et al to use polyimide for layer 11, as it is merely the substitution of one known equivalent material for another.

Claims 8, and 27-28 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Pungor et al in view of Wilson 5165407. As noted by applicant in the specification, Wilson teaches that a permselective layer and an interferent excluding layer are well known to be used in a glucose sensor. Hence, it would have been obvious to modify

Pungor et al to use a layer like that of that of Wilson, as it is merely the substitution of one known sensor configuration for another.

Claim 31 is allowable. Claim 31 defines over the over the art of record in that none of the art has two dielectric nubs surrounded by an enzymatic membrane, which form a cavity along the surface, in combination with the other claim features.

Claims 34 and 35 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims. None of the art has the membrane system shaped as claimed between the two nubs.

Applicant's arguments filed 2/7/2008 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

Applicant has asserted that since insulation1 4 of Brown does not surround the active surface 13, it cannot extend outwardly therefrom. The examiner disagrees, noting that the layer 14 extends in a direction that is radially outward from the edge of the surface 13.

Applicant has also asserted that Brown did not suggest providing an enzyme in the membrane. The examiner notes that there is no requirement that the reference must suggest its own modification.

Applicant has also asserted that providing an enzyme would be counter to the express teachings of Brown to provide a specific permeable barrier. The examiner does not understand this argument. Brown teaches that it is a ion sensor and that any ion might be detected. Cozette teaches a known method to detect ammonia ions. Cozette

also has a permeable membrane to allow the desired component through. Accordingly, it is the examiner's position that the motivation is sound and the art suggests the modification.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to ROBERT L. NASSER whose telephone number is (571)272-4731. The examiner can normally be reached on m-f 9-5.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Charles Marmor II can be reached on 571 272-4730. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see <http://pair-direct.uspto.gov>. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

/Robert L. Nasser Jr/  
Primary Examiner  
Art Unit 3735

RLN  
April 13, 2008

Application/Control Number: 10/640,980  
Art Unit: 3735

Page 7